



## Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE  
NAME

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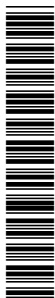
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**MATHEMATICS**

**9709/12**

Paper 1 Pure Mathematics 1

**October/November 2020**

**1 hour 50 minutes**

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

### INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

### INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has **20** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

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7 The point (4, 7) lies on the curve  $y = f(x)$  and it is given that  $f'(x) = 6x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - 4x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$ .

(a) A point moves along the curve in such a way that the  $x$ -coordinate is increasing at a constant rate of 0.12 units per second.

Find the rate of increase of the  $y$ -coordinate when  $x = 4$ . [3]

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(b) Find the equation of the curve. [4]

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9 A circle has centre at the point  $B(5, 1)$ . The point  $A(-1, -2)$  lies on the circle.

(a) Find the equation of the circle. [3]

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Point  $C$  is such that  $AC$  is a diameter of the circle. Point  $D$  has coordinates  $(5, 16)$ .

(b) Show that  $DC$  is a tangent to the circle. [4]

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(b) Find, by calculation, the  $x$ -coordinate of  $M$ . [2]

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(c) Find the area of the shaded region bounded by the curve and the coordinate axes. [2]

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11 A curve has equation  $y = 3 \cos 2x + 2$  for  $0 \leq x \leq \pi$ .

(a) State the greatest and least values of  $y$ . [2]

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(b) Sketch the graph of  $y = 3 \cos 2x + 2$  for  $0 \leq x \leq \pi$ . [2]

(c) By considering the straight line  $y = kx$ , where  $k$  is a constant, state the number of solutions of the equation  $3 \cos 2x + 2 = kx$  for  $0 \leq x \leq \pi$  in each of the following cases.

(i)  $k = -3$  [1]

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(ii)  $k = 1$  [1]

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(iii)  $k = 3$  [1]

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Functions  $f$ ,  $g$  and  $h$  are defined for  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  by

$$f(x) = 3 \cos 2x + 2,$$

$$g(x) = f(2x) + 4,$$

$$h(x) = 2f\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\pi\right).$$

(d) Describe fully a sequence of transformations that maps the graph of  $y = f(x)$  on to  $y = g(x)$ . [2]

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(e) Describe fully a sequence of transformations that maps the graph of  $y = f(x)$  on to  $y = h(x)$ . [2]

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