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Discrete Random Variables

Question Paper

Level	Pre U
Subject	Maths
Exam Board	Cambridge International Examinations
Topic	Statistics- Discrete Random Variables
Booklet	Question Paper

Time Allowed: 76 minutes

Score: /63

Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

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- 1 A survey into left-handedness found that 13% of the population of the world are left-handed.
 - (i) State the assumptions necessary for it to be appropriate to model the number of left-handed children in a class of 20 children using the binomial distribution B(20, 0.13). [2]
 - (ii) Assuming that this binomial model is appropriate, calculate the probability that fewer than 13% of the 20 children are left-handed. [4]
- 2 James plays an arcade game. Each time he plays, he puts a £1 coin in the slot to start the game. The possible outcomes of each game are as follows:

James loses the game with a probability of 0.7 and the machine pays out nothing, James draws the game with a probability of 0.25 and the machine pays out a £1 coin, James wins the game with a probability of 0.05 and the machine pays out ten £1 coins.

The outcomes can be modelled by a random variable X representing the number of £1 coins gained at the end of a game.

- (i) Construct a probability distribution table for *X*. [2]
- (ii) Show that E(X) = -0.25 and find Var(X). [4]

James starts off with 10 £1 coins and decides to play exactly 10 games.

- (iii) Find the expected number of £1 coins that James will have at the end of his 10 games. [2]
- (iv) Find the probability that after his 10 games James will have at least 10 £1 coins left. [3]
- 3 A discrete random variable X has the following probability distribution.

x	1	2	n	7
P(X=x)	0.4	0.3	p	0.1

- (i) Write down the value of p. [1]
- (ii) Given that E(X) = 2.5, f nd n. [2]
- (iii) Find Var(X). [3]

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4	In a certain country 40% of the population have brown eyes. A random sample of 20 people is from that population.	chosen
	(i) Find the expected number of people in the sample who have brown eyes.	[1]
	(ii) Find the probability that there are exactly 8 people with brown eyes in the sample.	[3]
	(iii) Find the probability that there are at least 8 people with brown eyes in the sample.	[2]
5	A bag contains four black balls and one white ball. A man chooses a ball at random. If it is ball, he replaces it and chooses another at random. If he chooses the white ball, he stops.	a black
	(i) Name the probability distribution which models this situation.	[1]
	(ii) Calculate the probability that he will make exactly three attempts before he stops.	[2]
	(iii) Calculate the probability that he will make fewer than three attempts before he stops.	[2]
6	In one department of a firm four employees are selected for promotion from a staff of eighted	en.
	(i) In how many ways can four employees be selected?	[2]
	It is known that throughout the f rm 5% of those selected for promotion decline it.	
	(ii) If 100 employees are randomly selected for promotion in the f rm, calculate the number ento decline promotion.	xpected [1]
	(iii) If 20 employees are selected at random for promotion, use the binomial distribution to probability that fewer than f ve employees will decline promotion.	f nd the [3]

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- (iv) Find the probability that after his 10 games James will have at least 10 £1 coins left. [3]

8 (a) In a game show contestants are asked up to five questions in succession to qualify for the next round. An incorrect answer eliminates a contestant from the game show.

Let X denote the number of questions correctly answered by a contestant. The probability distribution of X is given below.

х	0	1	2	3	4	5
P(X = x)	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.16	0.06	0.03

- (i) Find the expected number of correctly answered questions and the variance of the distribution. [3]
- (ii) Find the probability that a randomly selected contestant will correctly answer 3 or more questions. [1]
- (iii) Each show had two contestants. Find the probability that both the contestants will correctly answer at least one question. [2]
- (b) In a promotion, a newspaper included a token in every copy of the newspaper. A proportion, 0.002, are winning tokens and occur randomly. A reader keeps buying copies of the newspaper until he buys one with a winning token and then stops.

Let *Y* denote the number of copies bought.

- (i) Explain briefly why this situation may be modelled by a geometric distribution and write down a formula for P(Y = y). [2]
- (ii) Find the probability that the reader gets a winning token with the twentieth copy bought.

[2]

(iii) Find the probability that the reader will not have to buy more than three copies in order to get a winning token. [2]