

Centre Number	Candidate Number	Candidate Name
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NAMIBIA SENIOR SECONDARY CERTIFICATE

ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE ORDINARY LEVEL

4116/1

PAPER 1 Reading and Directed Writing (Core)

1 hour 45 minutes

Marks 60

2018

No additional materials are required.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION TO CANDIDATES

- Candidates answer on the Question Paper in the spaces provided.
- Write your Centre Number, Candidate Number and Name in the spaces at the top of this page.
- Write in dark blue or black pen.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write in the margin *For Examiner's Use*.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Dictionaries are **not** allowed.
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use		
Part 1	Exercise 1	
	Exercise 2	
	Exercise 3	
Part 2	Exercise 1	
	Exercise 2	
	Exercise 3	
Part 3	Exercise 1	
	Exercise 2	
Total		

<i>Marker</i>	
<i>Checker</i>	

This document consists of **17** printed pages and **3** blank pages.



Republic of Namibia

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, ARTS AND CULTURE

PART 1**Exercise 1: Questions 1 – 5**

Read the following leaflet and then answer the questions on the next page.

IN THE VALLEY OF THE SAINTS

On St Helena, one of the earth's most isolated inhabited islands, breathtaking landscapes and a fascinating natural history paint a picture of our planet in a small way.

Getting there

At the moment, direct access to St Helena is only via the St Helena - a cruise ship, named after its main destination. Carrying 128 passengers and 58 crew, it is scheduled to sail up until April, but is to be shut down once the airport is fully operational.

Need to know

All visitors to St Helena are required to provide proof of medical insurance for the duration of their stay. This is presented to the Immigration Officer upon arrival. The currency is the St Helena pound and pound sterling. There are currently no ATMs. There is a bank which will cash travellers cheques and exchange rands for St Helena pounds. However, I would advise changing money into pound sterling before you travel as there are often long queues. Car rental, taxis and various tours can be booked at St Helena Tourism, at the top of Main Street in Jamestown. It is also where you will find out everything you need to know about your stay. The staff are friendly and helpful, which makes this apparently less interesting place to visit, a very enjoyable aspect of your holiday. So, make this your first stop upon arrival.

Things to do

Hike the island until you cannot anymore. There is no better way to explore St Helena than on foot. There are 21 marked walks on the island. They are known as post-box walks because at the summit of each of them there is a post box containing a stamp and a visitor's log. A booklet detailing the walks is available at both the St Helena National Trust and tourism office in Jamestown.

Go on a 4x4 ride with Aaron's Adventure Tour. It is a superb way to see the lesser-visited areas of the island and get a local's point of view. Visit the Millennium Forest where more than 10 000 gumwood trees were planted at the turn of the century as a conservation initiative by the St Helena National Trust. Tourists can contribute by planting a tree in the forest.

Take a historical tour of Jamestown with Basil George. It is highly entertaining and informative and, if you are lucky, he will show you the fastest way to descend Jacob's Ladder, a 699-stepped passageway that ascends from the town centre to an imposing gun battery on top of the cliff.

Go scuba diving or fishing with Into the Blue. There is an abundance of marine life and hawksbill turtles, whale sharks and humpback whales are common sights. Sport fishing is also exceptional.

Snorkel to the Papanui, a steam passenger ship that caught fire and sunk in James Bay in 1911. Visitors can head out on their own or contact Anthony Thomas for a guided swim to Papanui. This is one of the most popular dive sites around St Helena for both the beginner and the experienced diver.

(Gateway, August 2015)

- 1 What is the only means of transport at the moment to reach St Helena?
..... [1]
 - 2 What is the money used in St Helena called? Give **two** details.
..... **and** [1]
 - 3 Why is it better to exchange money before arriving on St Helena?
..... [1]
 - 4 Why is visiting the office of St Helena Tourism a pleasant experience?
..... [1]
 - 5 How can visitors support the conservation of the Millennium Forest?
..... [1]
- [5]**

Exercise 2: Questions 6 – 10

Read the following passage and then answer the questions on the next page.

FLASH FACTS

Lightning is one of the most misunderstood forms of weather. It affects human beings and causes destruction worldwide. Yet, many people are dangerously misinformed about how to protect themselves. People have some common beliefs about how and where lightning strikes. It is said that cars are not at risk from lightning because of their thick tyres; however, this has proven to be partially incorrect since strikes sometimes go through several centimetres of rubber. In reality, it is the steel frame of a hard-topped car that helps shield you (by conducting current to the ground), as long as you are not touching the metal at the time of a strike. Drivers should also remember that open top vehicles like convertibles and farm vehicles provide no protection from lightning, despite their rubber tyres. If you cannot find a safe place like a building or a car with a roof, move as far as possible from tall objects such as isolated trees, poles or phone booths and kneel down until there is a break in the storm. Though a building is the safest place to be during a thunderstorm, one should avoid anything that conducts electricity.

Some people believe that if it is not raining or there are no clouds overhead then there is no danger. This is also false, because lightning can strike as far as 15 kilometres away from the rainy area of a storm. So it is really possible to be hit by a lightning bolt even if the sky above you is clear and the sun is shining. If you can hear thunder, even if there is no rain or clouds, you are within striking distance and should seek shelter immediately.

Despite common misconceptions, there are also awesome facts about lightning. A lightning bolt can heat the earth as much as five times hotter than the surface temperature of the sun. This heated air causes expansion in the air as an explosion, starting a shock wave that turns into a sound wave upon reaching human ear. Lightning flashes more than 3 million times a day worldwide. However, not all those flashes hit the ground as some happen between or inside clouds.

An average lightning bolt can release enough energy to operate a 100-watt light bulb for more than three months straight. Lightning occurs more often over land rather than oceans. The higher frequency of lightning over land causes an expansion in the air.

(Adapted from Reader's Digest, February 2007)

- 6 Why are cars not completely safe when struck by lightning?
..... [1]
 - 7 Which vehicles offer no protection from lightning strikes? Give **two** details.
..... **and** [1]
 - 8 Why is it possible to be struck by lightning on a sunny day?
..... [1]
 - 9 What evidence is there in the text that shows that lightning happens all over
the world frequently?
..... [1]
 - 10 Where does lightning strike most often?
..... [1]
- [5]**

Exercise 3: Questions 11 – 15

Read the following article and then answer the questions on the next page.

THE RACE OF HER LIFE

The people of the Pokot tribe in the northern Kenya follow ancient paths in search of grazing for their cattle which means that they have no formal settlement and not much opportunity for their children to go to school. Tegla Chepkite, a Kenyan athlete and a member of the Pokot tribe, had to overcome many difficulties to get her education.

When Tegla was four or five years old she looked after the younger children. When her brother came home from school he would teach her Mathematics. "I really wanted to learn, so I asked my father if I could go to school," she explains. Tegla had a vision for herself and wisdom well beyond her years. Determined to make a way for herself, she knew she needed an education. Tegla's father said, no. I went anyway, she says defiantly.

The family's other children would get up at 5:30 am to eat before they walked the ten kilometres to school. "I did not ask for food for fear that I would be found out," she adds. The dusty road to school became her first running track.

Not only did Tegla enjoy learning, she aimed to share this gift with others. This is a mission that she would like to accomplish in her life. "I convinced a friend to come with me to school, she was frightened at first, but she went." Soon there was a group of four school goers. Their parents complained because they took Tegla's advice. They all passed and are now successful adults. Now they say to her: "It is because of you Tegla."

Recognising her potential, the school coach believed she would be a good athlete. Sport was compulsory and Tegla had to take part in accordance with the rules. She did well in class and on the sports field, winning school races countrywide. After school Tegla qualified as an accountant and continued to run and win track events and cross-country races.

Tegla is famous for her athletic skills and the number of medals she has won, but what won her the admiration in Kenya is the fact that she refused the offers from European countries. This put her country on the map of the world athletics. At the age of 21 she made history when she took part in her first major race - the New York Marathon, becoming the first black woman to win this event.

But her vision goes beyond the track and road courses of the world. She is running the race of her life - for a better world. She has created a series of Peace Races, which aim to build trust in communities facing wars. It is impossible to explain the impact of this one, tiny woman on her community, her country, and indeed the world. She built a Peace Academy for children, many of whom are orphans, in Kenya. Here they will have the opportunities she fought for: education, sport, peace and hope.

Tegla has raised the status of oppressed women by ensuring education and bringing attention to women's rights. She has opened the door for runners from rural Kenya. She is humble, patient, hard-working and brave. Hers is a story of true struggle and real hope.

(Adapted from Readers Digest, January 2008)

- 11 Why do the children in Tegla's tribe have no opportunity to get formal education?
..... [1]
 - 12 Why did Tegla not eat before she went to school?
..... [1]
 - 13 What does Tegla want to achieve throughout her life?
..... [1]
 - 14 How did Tegla earn respect in her country?
..... [1]
 - 15 How did Tegla set a record as an African in her first major race?
..... [1]
- [5]**

PART 2**Exercise 1: Questions 16 – 23**

Read the following text and answer the questions on the next page.

Riel Dance

Born out of traditional Khoi and San ceremonial dances around the fire, the Riel Dance has been practised by successors of these indigenous cultures for many years. Recognised as a form of cultural expression, Riel dances include dating rituals, and imitating typical animal movements along with foot stomping in traditional outfits.

History of ‘Die Nuwe Graskoue Trappers’

‘Die Nuwe Graskoue Trappers’ Riel dance troupe was born in 2012 when Bushmans Kloof chief Floris Smith made one of his frequent visits to the nearby village of Wupperthal, and saw a group of youngsters dancing the Riel. An ex-professional dancer, he was blown away by their energetic performance, and set about offering his assistance to choreograph and train the group.

Floris had his eye on the international stage right from the beginning. His **principal** purpose was to give them as much exposure as possible. “I just know that we have something very unique to show the world,” he says.

Journey to the 2015 World Championships

From humble beginnings in the remote, impoverished village of Wupperthal, choreographer, manager and coach Floris Smith and his ‘Trappers’ have taken the Riel dance scene by storm, winning award after award. They made their winning entrance on the national stage in SA when they were crowned as the Junior ATKV Riel Dance Champions in 2013, going on to win the top spot in the under-18 category in 2014. After winning numerous awards, they qualified to represent South Africa at the World Championships of the Performing Arts in 2015.

They returned as national heroes from Los Angeles, after having danced their way to victory - bringing back the Gold in the Ethnic Folk Dance category, and winning no less than three Gold medals and one Silver.

(Bushmans Kloof page - internet)

- 16 Give the singular form of the underlined words. Rewrite the sentence with the changes you would make.

These cultures practised the Riel for many years.

..... [1]

- 17 He saw a group of youngsters dancing the **Riel**. Why is Riel written with a capital letter?

..... [1]

- 18 Rewrite the following sentence in the negative form.

He has his eye on the international stage.

..... [1]

- 19 "Principal" is used as an adjective in the text. Use the same word in a sentence as a noun to show the difference in meaning.

..... [1]

- 20 Rewrite the following sentence starting with: He said that ...

"I just know we have something unique to show the world."

.....

..... [1]

- 21 Write a word from the passage with more or less the same meaning as **modest**.

..... [1]

- 22 Give the correct word derived from the one in brackets. Write only the word and not the sentence.

The (victory) dancers brought back many medals.

..... [1]

- 23 Rewrite the following sentence in the **active voice**.

Three Gold medals were won by the dancers.

..... [1]

[8]

Exercise 2: Question 24

Air Namibia has recently adopted the loyalty programme for their frequent flyers. This means that if you fly with Air Namibia, you are awarded points. When you have obtained enough points, you can exchange them for certain services the airline offers.

Ben Kalipa is a frequent traveller with Air Namibia, whether it is work related or private trips. He prefers to use Air Namibia because passengers are catered for by highly trained cabin crew. They are always present to assist with his needs. He mostly flies domestic and recently learned about Air Namibia's frequent flyer programme called "Reward\$". He would like to become a member to start earning valuable miles for all his future travels with Air Namibia.

Ben always finds a way to reduce his spending. Therefore, he would prefer to save his miles and exchange them for free tickets or pay for excess baggage. He will also recommend that some of his miles be transferred to his wife, Petrina Kalipa, who is already a member of Reward\$.

He would like to register online as he is unable to visit any of the Air Namibia's ticketing offices, since he is always busy at work. He asks for his membership pack, including his permanent card, to be sent to P O Box 1355, Khomasdal.

Ben lives at home, 1091 Birmingham Street in Windhoek North. He can be contacted on his mobile phone on 0812460706. Alternatively he can be contacted on his office number on 061-2589111 or by email kalipa@gmail.com

You are Ben. Complete the form on the next page, using the information above.

AIR NAMIBIA REWARDS

ENTRY FORM

PLEASE COMPLETE THIS SECTION IN CAPITAL LETTERS (except the e-mail address).

SECTION A

Full name:.....

Residential address:.....

.....

Postal address:.....

E-mail address:.....

Telephone number:..... (w).....(cell)

Spouse:.....

SECTION B

Type of flight frequently used: Circle (○) your choice.

domestic

international

Preferred way to use the miles: Tick (✓) the appropriate boxes.

- (i) exchange for free tickets
- (ii) discounts on ticket purchases
- (iii) upgrade from economy to business class
- (iv) pay for excess baggage
- (v) purchase a ticket for another person

How will the membership pack be collected: Tick (✓) the appropriate box.

In person

By mail

Hand delivered by Air Namibia

SECTION C

Why do you choose Air Namibia over other airline companies?

(Your sentences may not be longer than 20 words.)

.....

.....

[14 ÷ 2 = 7]

Exercise 3: Question 25

Read the text below about happiness and make notes on what people can do to be happier.

CULTIVATING HAPPINESS

We all want to be happy. But how does one do that? Is it even possible to become a happier person? And if so, what's the best way to go about it? Researchers in the field of positive psychology have been studying these questions and the answers are encouraging. Turns out you can increase your happiness and overall satisfaction with life - and it does not require a winning lottery ticket or some other drastic change of circumstances. What it takes is an inner change of perspective and attitude. And that is truly good news, because it is something that anyone can do.

Our brains are programmed to notice and remember the things that are wrong. It is a survival mechanism that helped keep our ancestors who lived in caves safe in a world where there were many physical threats. But in today's relatively safe world, this biological tendency to focus on the negative contributes to stress and unhappiness. While we cannot change our nature, we can train our brains to be more positive. This does not mean putting on a smiley face and whistling a happy tune no matter what is going on. You do not have to ignore reality or pretend things are wonderful even when they are not. But just as spending time thinking about negative things fuels unhappiness, choosing to notice, appreciate, and expect goodness is a powerful happiness booster.

Teaching yourself to become more grateful can make a huge difference in your overall happiness. Research shows that gratitude helps you experience more positive emotions, decrease depression and strengthen your immune system.

When someone goes above and beyond or does something to make your day easier, be quick to express your thanks and appreciation. Not only will it make the person feel good, it will give you a happiness lift, too. It makes you realise that we are all connected and that what you do matters.

Relationships are one of the biggest sources of happiness in our lives. The happier the person, the more likely that he or she has a large, supportive circle of family and friends. That is why nurturing your relationships is one of the best emotional investments you can make. If you make an effort to cultivate and build your connections with others, you will soon reap the rewards of more positive emotions. And as you become happier, you will attract more people and higher-quality relationships, leading to even greater positivity and enjoyment. It is the happiness gift that keeps on giving.

Research shows that happiness is contagious. You can literally catch a good mood, so make an effort to seek out and spend time with happy people. Before you know it, you will be feeling the happiness, too.

Build moments of enjoyment into your day with enjoyable activities. These can be very simple things like enjoying a cup of coffee in the morning or playing with your dog when you get home. It does not matter what you do, as long as you enjoy and appreciate it. Look for ways to be more compassionate and giving in your daily life. This can be something as small as brightening a stranger's day with a smile or going out of your way to do a favor for a friend.

Happy people take care of their health. Make exercise a regular habit. Exercise isn't just good for the body, it also has a powerful effect on mental well-being. People who exercise regularly are happier across the board. Plus, they are also less stressed, angry, anxious, and depressed.

(Adapted: Helppguide.org)

What people can do to be happier

-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-

[8]

PART 3**Exercise 1: Question 26**

You have recently started a charity group called “Feeding the nation” in your school. The aim of your group is to help people who are less fortunate, especially senior citizens who struggle because there is no one to care for them.

Write a letter to your friend encouraging him/her to join your group.

Your letter must include:

- how you are planning to get funds
- a description of the activities of your group
- reason why your friend should join.

Your letter should be about **100** words long.

Exercise 2: Question 27

Litter has become a serious problem in your area. You have been asked to write a newspaper article for the local paper to address this problem.

In your article you must:

- give at least **two** reasons why there is so much litter
- describe how litter affects your neighbourhood
- give at least **two** suggestions to solve this problem.

Your article should be about **150** words long.

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